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of the Plants
Growing Naturally at the National Arboretum



OLIVER M. FREEMAN

National Arboretum Contribution No. 1 August 1953



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Annotated List of the Plants Growing Naturally at the National Arboretum

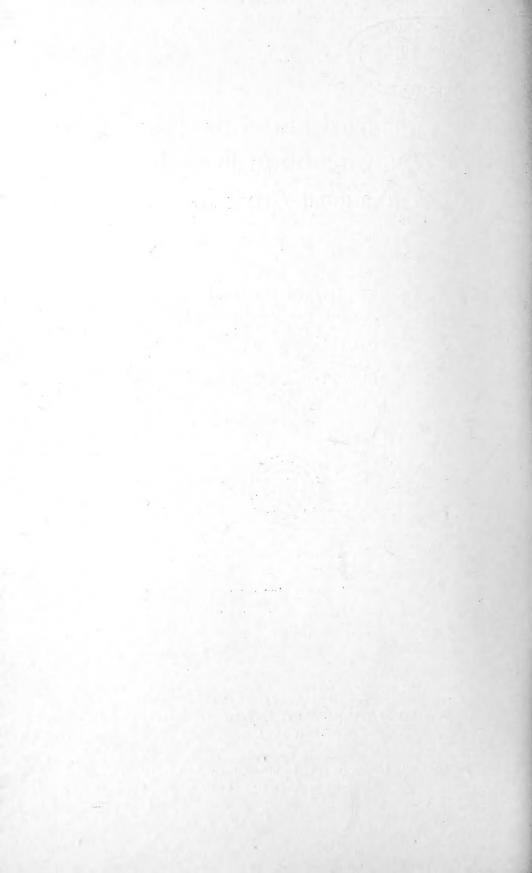
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Agricultural Research Administration



National Arboretum Contribution No. 1 August 1953

NATIONAL ARBORETUM
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
WASHINGTON, D. C.



Annotated List of the Plants Growing Naturally at the National Arboretum

OLIVER M. FREEMAN¹

An understanding of why plants native to the eastern United States are now either abundant, rare, or absent at the National Arboretum depends on a knowledge of the soils, moisture, drainage, and general land usage previous to and after purchase of the Arboretum tract by the Federal Government in 1927.

Before 1927 about half of the 420-acre area was used for field crops and truck gardens. This brought in the usual weeds associated with such activities. Before erection of a fence in 1934 and 1935, the wooded areas were burned over nearly every year, destroying much of the leafmold that is required by many of the choicest plants. The need for leafmold is especially noticeable with rattlesnake-plantain, *Goodyera pubescens*, which was undoubtedly abundant many years ago. Only one plant of this little orchid was found in 1949.

Many of the original colonies of native plants have been destroyed by encroachment of Japanese honeysuckle, *Lonicera japonica*. Erosion of cultivated and other disturbed soil has undoubtedly changed the flora in small areas. Also, some changes are being made each year by road construction,

grading, and landscaping.

The area is composed of rolling land with relatively few level fields between the higher elevations. The southwestern part of the grounds is dominated by Mount Hamilton (alt. 239 feet), most of which is covered with the original trees. The east-central part is dominated by Hickey Hill, which overlooks the Anacostia River. Hickey Run flows through the center from a northwesterly to a southeasterly direction, forming a broad valley between the two elevations named above.

Soils range from sandy loam to heavy clay. There are several small areas of gravel and others of ironstone concretions. Layers of sand, gravel, and ironstone resting on clay have given rise to numerous springs, hillside seepages, and swamps, providing suitable spots for plants requiring wet soil. Along the eastern edge of the area is the Anacostia River with its steep wooded banks and tidewater plant associations at their bases. These areas of wet soil have developed a flora quite distinct from that found in the normal woodlands. The soil reactions range from neutral to slightly acid, becoming very acid in the leafmold deposits associated with mountain-laurel.

The plants listed are those known to be growing naturally as of this date within the fenced boundaries of the Arboretum or upon the narrow strip of alluvial flats between the unfenced eastern boundary and the stone wall along

the Anacostia River from Hickey Run to the Licking Banks Spring.

This list includes the plants reported in unpublished lists prepared in 1918 by Ivar Tidestrom and in 1934 and following years by E. C. Leonard, except

¹ Retired.

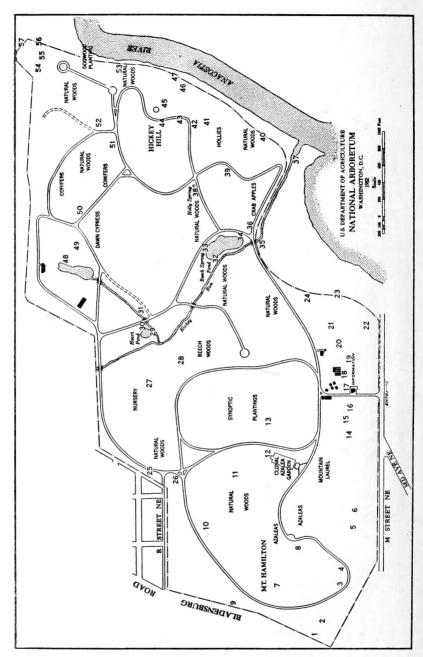


FIGURE 1.—Locations for specific plant occurrences referred to in text.

those obviously collected outside of the above-described area. All of the collectors, including the present writer, have deposited specimens with the National Herbarium of the Smithsonian Institution or with the Herbarium of the United States National Arboretum. Since preparation of the manuscript, the inclusion of several plants hitherto omitted has resulted from the suggestions of P. L. Ricker, President, Wildflower Preservation Society, as a result of his familiarity with plants of the Washington district and the Arboretum. A few plants of special interest growing only just outside the Arboretum property lines will be mentioned in the list with appropriate notation. For convenience of reference, botanical nomenclature follows that of the eighth edition of Gray's Manual of Botany.

The locations referred to by number in these notes are indicated on the accompanying map (fig. 1). They are taken from a more accurate grid survey prepared by the writer in 1950, which is available for reference purposes at the Arboretum.

EQUISETACEAE

LYCOPODIACEAE

Lycopodium complanatum var. flabelliforme Fern.

GROUNDCEDAR, GROUNDPINE.

Occasional in thickets having a moist acid soil.

OPHIOGLOSSACEAE

Botrychium dissectum forma obliquum (Muhl.) Fern......GRAPEFERN.

Rare, found in locations 12 and 45. This species matures its spores in autumn.

OSMUNDACEAE

Osmunda regalis var. spectabilis (Willd.) Gray...........ROYALFERN. Rare, found in wet soil.

POLYPODIACEAE

Asplenium platyneuron (L.) Oakes..... EBONY SPLEENWORT.

Frequent on wooded slopes and in margins of woods.
Athyrium filix-femina var. asplenioides (Michx.) FarwLADYFERN. Moist woods and ravines.
Athyrium thelypterioides (Michx.) DesvSILVERY SPLEENWORT. Occasional in ravines.
Dennstaedtia punctilobula (Michx.) Moore
Dryopteris hexagonoptera (Michx.) C. ChriBROAD BEECHFERN. Woods.
Dryopteris noveboracensis (L.) GrayNew York Fern. Frequent in moist woods and low ground.
Onoclea sensibilis L
Polystichum acrostichoides (Michx.) Schott
Pteridium aquilinum var. latiusculum (Desv.) UnderwBRACKEN. Common in dry sandy soil.
PINACEAE
Juniperus virginiana var. crebra Fern. & Grisc. North Eastern redcedar. Frequent in woods and fields.
Pinus rigida Mill
Pinus virginiana Mill
ТҮРНАСЕАЕ
Typha angustifolia L
Typha latifolia L
4

SPARGANIACEAE

Wet soil. Sparganium eurycarpum Engelm. Wet soil, mostly along river. ALISMATACEAE Margin of ponds and in swampy places. Sagittaria latifolia var. pubescens (Muhl.) J. G. Sm. . . DOWNY ARROWHEAD. Shallow water or muddy soil. Margin of river and ponds. **HYDROCHARITACEAE** Elodea canadensis Michx......ELODEA. The two ponds near Hickey Run, locations 30 and 32. GRAMINEAE Agropyron repens (L.) Beauv......QUACKGRASS. Common in open ground. Agrostis alba L. (A. palustris of the 1919 "Flora of the Common in fields. Common in open ground. Agrostis perennans (Walt.) Tuckerm......AUTUMN BENTGRASS. Frequent in woods. Agrostis tenuis Sibth. (A. capillaris of the 1919 "Flora of the Grasslands. Dry sterile soil in several places, especially on Mount Hamilton and Hickey Hill. Andropogon elliottii Chapm.......ELLIOTT BLUESTEM. Occasional in sterile, open ground. Andropogon scoparius Michx.....LITTLE BLUESTEM. Dry fields and open woods.

Andropogon virginicus L
Anthoxanthum odoratum LSWEET VERNALGRASS. Common everywhere.
Aristida dichotoma Michx
Aristida longespica Poir. (A. gracilis Ell.) Poor soil, occasional.
Aristida oligantha Michx. Open ground.
Aristida purpurascens Poir. Woods and banks.
Bromus commutatus Schrad
Cinna arundinacea L
Cynodon dactylon (L.) Pers. (Capriola dactylon (L.) Ktze.)BERMUDA GRASS. Lawns, roadsides, and waste places.
Dactylis glomerata L
Danthonia spicata (L.) Beauv
Deschampsia flexuosa (L.) Trin WAVY HAIRGRASS, CRINKLED HAIRGRASS. Occasional in dry soil.
Digitaria filiformis (L.) KoelSLENDER CRABGRASS. Frequent in open ground.
Digitaria ischaemum (Schreb.) MuhlSMOOTH CRABGRASS, Old fields and waste places.
Digitaria sanguinalis (L.) Scop
Echinochloa crusgalli (L.) BeauvBARNYARDGRASS. Common in disturbed ground.
Eleusine indica (L.) Gaertn

Elymus virginicus L
Thin woods and open ground.
Elymus virginicus var. glabriflorus (Vasey) Bush
Roadside, location 44.
Eragrostis capillaris (L.) Nees
Eragrostis megastachya (Koel.) Link (E. cilianensis Lutati)Stinkgrass.
Open ground and waste places.
Eragrostis pectinacea (Michx.) Nees (E. caroliniana (Spreng.) Scribn.) Frequent.
Festuca obtusa Biehler
Occasional in woods.
Festuca octoflora Walt.
Open ground.
Glyceria striata (Lam.) HitchcFowl Mannagrass.
Magnolia Swamp and Beech Spring Pond, locations 32 and 34.
Gymnopogon ambiguus (Michx.) B.S.PBEARDED SKELETONGRASS. Occasional in woods.
Holcus lanatus L. (Notholcus lanatus (L.) Nash)VELVETGRASS.
Occasional, open ground.
Leersia oryzoides (L.) Swartz
Tidewater mud near pistol range, location 40.
Leersia virginica Willd.
Wet soil in woods.
Lolium perenne L
Melica mutica Walt
Foot of cryptomeria ravine near the river, location 47.
Miscanthus sinensis AnderssEULALIA.
Escape from cultivation, occasional.
Muhlenbergia schreberi J. F. Gmel
Panicum anceps Michx
Panicum boscii Poir.
Common in woods.

Panicum boscii var. molle (Vasey) Hitchc. & Chase Frequent, same habitat as the species.

Panicum clandestinum L.

Moist open ground.

Panicum columbianum Scribn.

Rare in sandy soil.

Panicum commutatum Schultes

Woods.

Panicum commutatum var. ashei (Pearson) Fern.

Frequent in dry open woods.

Panicum depauperatum Muhl.

Poor soil in open woods.

Panicum dichotomiflorum Michx.

Old fields and cultivated ground.

Panicum dichotomum L.

Near pistol range, location 40.

Panicum lanuginosum var. fasciculatum (Torr.) Fern. (P. huachucae var. silvicola Hitchc, & Chase)

Open woods.

Panicum lindheimeri Nash

Moist open ground.

Panicum microcarpon Muhl.

Wet places and along streambanks.

Panicum polyanthes Schultes

Frequent in open ground.

Panicum scoparium Lam.

Wet ground along streams and borders of woods.

Panicum sphaerocarpon Ell.

Frequent in open ground.

Panicum stipitatum Nash

Wet soil near pistol range, location 40.

Panicum villosissimum Nash

Dry open ground.

Paspalum ciliatifolium var. muhlenbergii (Nash) Fern.

Open woods and old fields.

Paspalum laeve Michx. Open ground.
Paspalum laeve var. pilosum Scribn. Rare in moist ground.
Paspalum setaceum Michx. Rare in open poor soil.
Phleum pratense L
Poa annua L
Poa compressa L
Poa cuspidata Nutt. Open woods, occasional.
Poa pratensis L
Poa trivialis L
Setaria glauca (L.) Beauv. (Chaetochloa lutescens (Weigel) Stuntz)Bristly FOXTAIL. Common everywhere.
Sorghastrum nutans (L.) Nash
Spartina pectinata Link (S. michauxiana Hitchc.) PRAIRIE CORDGRASS. Wet soil, occasional.
Sphenopholis nitida (Spreng.) Scribn. Shaded ground, not common.
Stipa avenacea L
Triodia flava (L.) Smyth (Tridens flavus (L.) Hitchc.)PURPLETOP. Common in open ground.
Tripsacum dactyloides L
Uniola laxa (L.) B.S.P

Sandy soil near river.

CYPERACEAE

Bulbostylis capillaris (L.) C. B. Clarke Frequent in disturbed sandy soil.

Carex annectens Bickn. Frequent in fields.

Carex artitecta Mackenz.

Occasional in woods.

Carex blanda Dewey
Thin woods and open fields.

Carex bushii Mackenz.

Occasional in fields.

Carex cephalophora Muhl.
Wooded banks of streams.

Carex complanata Torr. & Hook. Meadows and thin woods.

Carex crinita Lam. Wet soil.

Carex digitalis Willd.

Occasional in woods.

Carex emmonsii Dewey Dry hillsides.

Carex laevivaginata (Kukenth.) Mackenz.

Common in wet soil.

Carex laxiculmis Schwein. Wooded hillsides.

Carex lupulina Muhl. Wet soil.

Carex lurida Wahlenb. Common in wet places. Carex muhlenbergii Schkuhr Rare, found in open poor soil. Carex rosea Schkuhr Wooded slopes.

Carex rostrata Stokes

Rare, found in muddy places along river.

Carex scoparia Schkuhr Low ground.

Carex striatula Michx.
Woods and fields.

Carex stricta Lam.

Low ground along river.

Carex styloflexa Buckl.

Low wooded ground along river.

Carex swanii (Fern.) Mackenz. Dry wooded banks.

Carex tribuloides Wahlenb. Rich open woods.

Carex vulpinoidea Michx. Common in wet places.

Cyperus dipsaciformis Fern. Frequent in dry woods.

Cyperus filiculmis Vahl Dry sandy soil.

Cyperus ovularis (Michx.) Torr. Frequent in dry fields and woods.

Cyperus rivularis Kunth Margin of woods.

Cyperus strigosus L.

Common in fields and meadows.

Dulichium arundinaceum (L.) Britt......THREE-WAY SEDGE. Frequent in wet places.

Eleocharis obtusa (Willd.) Schultes......BLUNT SPIKESEDGE. Frequent in wet soil.

Flood plain of river, occasional. Scirpus atrovirens var. georgianus (Harper) Fern. Low ground along river. Scirpus fluviatilis (Torr.) Gray Marshes along river. Scirpus polyphyllus Vahl Common in wet soil. Scirpus rubricosus Fern. Springy slopes. Scirpus validus Vahl (S. validus var. creber Fern.) Wet soil along margin of river. ARACEAE Arisaema triphyllum (L.) Schott (including all varieties based on size and color) Frequent in rich moist woods. Peltandra virginica (L.) Schott & Endl. Muddy places, especially along river. Symplocarpus foetidus (L.) Nutt. Skunkcabbage Wet spring hillsides and low wet ground. COMMELINACEAE Commelina communis L. Dayflower Rich woods, especially the east slope of Mount Hamilton, location 8.	
Thinly wooded hillsides. Scirpus americanus Pers	
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Color)	ARACEAE
Peltandra virginica (L.) Schott & Endl	Arisaema triphyllum (L.) Schott (including all varieties based on size and color)
Wet spring hillsides and low wet ground. COMMELINACEAE Commelina communis L	Peltandra virginica (L.) Schott & EndlArrow-arum.
Commelina communis L	Symplocarpus foetidus (L.) Nutt
Rich woods, especially the east slope of Mount Hamilton, location 8. PONTEDERIACEAE Pontederia cordata L	COMMELINACEAE
Pontederia cordata L	Commelina communis L
Margin of river in tidal mud.	PONTEDERIACEAE
JUNCACEAE	Pontederia cordata L
	JUNCACEAE
Juncus acuminatus Michx	Juncus acuminatus Michx

Juncus biflorus Ell.

Moist soil along drainage lines.

Juncus effusus var. solutus Fern. & Wieg. Frequent in moist soil.

Juncus tenuis Willd.

Common in sandy soil and along paths.

Luzula bulbosa (Wood) Rydb.

Open woods and clearings.

Luzula echinata (Small) F. J. Hermann Common in woods.

LILIACEAE

Allium vineale LField Garlic.
Fields and lawns everywhere.
Asparagus officinalis L
Fields and waste places.
Erythronium americanum KerYELLOW ADDERSTONGUE.
Found only along Hickey Run, at the point where the adjacent slopes meet the flood plain of the creek, location 37.
Hemerocallis fulva L
Established in several places.
Medeola virginiana L
Rich moist woods.
Polygonatum biflorum (Walt.) EllSOLOMONS-SEAL.
Frequent in woods.
Smilacina racemosa (L.) Desf Feather Solomon-plume.
Frequent in woods.
Smilax glauca Walt
Thinly wooded areas or margins of woods.
Smilax rotundifolia L
Frequent in woods and thickets.
Uvularia perfoliata L
Common in woods.
Uvularia sessilifolia L
Occasional, location 25.

DIOSCOREACEAE

On fence in locations 9 and 23. Dioscorea quaternata (Walt.) J. F. Gmel. (D. glauca Muhl.) Frequent in woods and thickets. Low woods and thickets. AMARYLLIDACEAE Hypoxis hirsuta (L.) Coville......COMMON GOLDSTARGRASS. Frequent in woods and fields. IRIDACEAE Sisyrinchium angustifolium Mill. (S. graminoides Bickn.).....BLUE-EYED-GRASS. Meadows and thin woods. ORCHIDACEAE Corallorrhiza odontorhiza (Willd.) Nutt......LATE CORALROOT. Woods, occasional. Cypripedium acaule Ait......STEMLESS LADYSLIPPER. Frequent and widely scattered. Goodyera pubescens (Willd.) R. Br.RATTLESNAKE-PLANTAIN. A single plant seen on the south bank of ravine in location 19. Probably more frequent before the leafmold was destroyed by fires. Habenaria lacera (Michx.) Lodd.......RAGGED ORCHIS. Wet soil of the holly-magnolia area, location 39. Rare, found on north edge of Magnolia Swamp, locations 54 and 55, and in the ravine of location 21. Occasional. Widely separated patches in leafmold in woods. Spiranthes gracilis (Bigel.) Beck......SLENDER LADIES-TRESSES. Conifer planting, location 52. SAURURACEAE

Saururus cernuus L.....Lizardtail.

Introduced on the north side of Beech Spring Pond, location 33.

SALICACEAE

OI MICHOLITE
Populus canescens (Ait.) J. E. SmithGRAY POPLAR.
Mount Hamilton and Anacostia River front.
Populus deltoides Marsh
Vicinity of pistol range, location 40.
Salix fragilis L
Occasional in wet soil.
Salix humilis Marsh
Frequent in dry woods and fields.
Salix nigra MarshBLACK WILLOW.
Low ground and along streams.
JUGLANDACEAE
Carya cordiformis (Wang.) K. KochBITTERNUT HICKORY.
Frequent in woods.
Carya tomentosa Nutt. (C. alba of authors)
Common in woods.
Juglans nigra LBLACK WALNUT.
Hickey Run valley and Mount Hamilton.
BETULACEAE
Alnus serrulata (Ait.) Willd. (A. rugosa of most authors)HAZEL ALDER.
Common in wet soil and along streams.
Betula lenta LSWEET BIRCH.
Three plants below the Anacostia River overlook were planted but appear as if native, location 47. Also three smaller plants were placed on the north slope of Mount Hamilton, location 10.
Betula nigra L
Frequent in wet or moist soil.
Corylus americana Walt
Woods and riverbanks.
FAGACEAE
Castanea dentata (Marsh.) Borkh
Castanea pumila (L.) Mill
Occasional in dry open woods.

Common in wooded areas.
\times Quercus bernardiensis W. Wolf (Q. stellata \times Q. prinus) Occasional in woods.
\times Quercus bushii Sarg. (Q. marilandica \times Q. velutina) Occasional where the two species grow together.
_
Quercus falcata Michx
Quercus marilandica MuenchhBLACKJACK OAK. Frequent in dry woodlands.
Quercus palustris MuenchhPIN OAK. Frequent.
Quercus phellos L
Quercus prinus L. (Q. montana Willd.)SWAMP CHESTNUT OAK. Common in dry soils.
Quercus rubra L
Occasional in woods.
\times Quercus saulii Schneid. (Q. alba \times Q. prinus)
Occasional in woods, as in ravine northeast of the gatehouse, locations 20 and 19.
Quercus stellata Wang
Quercus velutina LamBLACK OAK.
Common in wooded areas.
ULMACEAE
Celtis occidentalis L. (C. crassifolia Lam.)
Ulmus americana L
MORACEAE
Humulus japonicus Sieb. & Zucc
Near outlet of Hickey Run, location 35, and in location 31.
16

Fagus grandifolia Ehrh.....BEECH.

Numerous fine old specimens.

Maclura pomifera (Raf.) Schneid
Morus alba L
Morus rubra L
Riverbank, ravines, and thickets.
URTICACEAE
Boehmeria cylindrica (L.) Sw
Pilea pumila (L.) Gray
Urtica gracilis Ait
SANTALACEAE
Comandra umbellata (L.) Nutt
LORANTHACEAE
Phoradendron flavescens (Pursh) NuttAMERICAN-MISTLETOE.
On a single tree of Nyssa sylvatica near Licking Banks Spring, location 53.
ARISTOLOCHIACEAE
Aristolochia serpentaria L
POLYGONACEAE
Polygonum arifolium L
Polygonum aviculare L
Polygonum convolvulus L
Polygonum cuspidatum Sieb. & Zucc
Polygonum lapathifolium L

Polygonum pensylvanicum L
Polygonum persicaria L
Polygonum punctatum Ell
Polygonum sagittatum L
Rumex acetosella L
Rumex crispus L
Rumex obtusifolius L
Tovara virginiana (L.) Raf
CHENOPODIACEAE
Chenopodium album L LAMBSQUARTERS. Common in cultivated ground.
-
Common in cultivated ground. Chenopodium ambrosioides L
Common in cultivated ground. Chenopodium ambrosioides L
Common in cultivated ground. Chenopodium ambrosioides L
Common in cultivated ground. Chenopodium ambrosioides L
Common in cultivated ground. Chenopodium ambrosioides L
Chenopodium ambrosioides L

AIZOACEAE

Mollugo verticillata L
Common in cultivated ground.
PORTULACACEAE
Claytonia virginica L
Portulaca oleracea L
CARYOPHYLLACEAE
Agrostemma githago L
Arenaria serpyllifolia L
Cerastium nutans Raf. (C. longepedunculatum of authors.)
Occasional in woods and fields.
Cerastium viscosum L
Dianthus armeria L
Meadows and lawns.
Paronychia fastigiata (Raf.) Fern. (Anychia polygonoides Raf.)Forked CHICKWEED, NAILWORT.
Frequent in woods and fields.
Saponaria officinalis LBOUNCING-BET. Frequent near old building sites.
Silene antirrhina L
Common in cultivated ground and waste places.
Silene caroliniana WaltPEATPINK SILENE.
Frequent on dry hillsides.
Silene stellata (L.) Ait. f
Stellaria graminea LLITTLE STARWORT.
Margin of Beech Spring Pond, location 34.
Stellaria media (L.) Cyrillo
Common everywhere.

Stellaria pubera Michx	
RANUNCULACEAE	
Anemone virginiana L	
Anemonella thalictroides (L.) Spach	
Clematis dioscoreifolia var. robusta (Carr) Rehd. (C. paniculata Thunb.) Escape from cultivation; established in a few places.	
Clematis virginiana L	
Delphinium ajacis L	
Hepatica americana (DC.) Ker	
Ranunculus abortivus LLITTLELEAF BUTTERCUP. Frequent.	
Ranunculus bulbosus L	
Ranunculus recurvatus Poir. Frequent, especially on slopes of Mount Hamilton.	
Ranunculus sceleratus L. Muddy places.	
Thalictrum dasycarpum Fisch. & LallPurple Meadowrue. Moist soil, thickets, and riverbanks.	
Thalictrum polygamum Muhl	
Xanthorhiza simplicissima MarshSHRUB YELLOWROOT. Spreading as if natural from azalea clumps introduced from North Carolina.	
BERBERIDACEAE	
Podophyllum peltatum L	

MAGNOLIACEAE

Liriodendron tulipifera L Tuliptree, Yellow-Poplar, Tulip-Poplar. Common in woods.
Magnolia virginiana L
ANNONACEAE
Asimina triloba (L.) Dunal
LAURACEAE
Lindera benzoin (L.) Blume
Sassafras albidum (Nutt.) Nees
PAPAVERACEAE
Corydalis flavula (Raf.) DC
Papaver dubium L
Sanguinaria canadensis LBLOODROOT. Wooded areas; not common.
CAPPARIDACEAE
Cleome spinosa Jacq
CRUCIFERAE
Arabis canadensis L
Barbarea verna (Mill.) Aschers
Brassica rapa L. (B. campestris L.)BIRD RAPE. Occasional in waste places.
Capsella bursa-pastoris (L.) MedicSHEPHERDS-PURSE.

Cardamine parviflora var. arenicola (Britt.) O. E. SchulzBITTERCRESS. Frequent in woods and fields.
Dentaria laciniata Muhl
Draba verna L
Lepidium campestre (L.) R. BrFIELD PEPPERWEED. Common in fields.
Lepidium virginicum L
Rorippa islandica var. fernaldiana Butt. & Abbe ² YELLOWCRESS. Wet soil.
Sisymbrium officinale (L.) Scop
Sisymbrium thalianum (L.) J. Gay
SAXIFRAGACEAE
Heuchera americana L
Saxifraga virginiensis Michx
HAMAMELIDACEAE
Hamamelis virginiana L
PLATANACEAE
Platanus occidentalis L
ROSACEAE
Agrimonia parviflora Ait
Agrimonia rostellata Wallr. Occasional in woods.

² A plant that appears to be *Rorippa sinuata* (Nutt.) Hitchc. has become established in the nursery beds west of the greenhouses, location 18.

Amelanchier canadensis (L.) Medic. Juneberry, Serviceberry, Shadblow. Woods. Several trees to 25 feet noted.
Crataegus pruinosa (Wendl.) K. Koch
From Mount Hamilton eastward.
Duchesnea indica (Andr.) FockeINDIA MOCK-STRAWBERRY.
A few feet beyond the fence where Hickey Run leaves the grounds, location 35 .
Fragaria virginiana Duchesne
Frequent in woods and fields.
Geum virginianum L. (G. hirsutum Muhl.)
Dry woods.
Potentilla canadensis L. (P. pumila Poir.)
Fields.
Potentilla norvegica L. (P. monspeliensis L.)
Roadsides and fields.
Potentilla recta L.
Cultivated fields and meadows.
Potentilla simplex Michx. (P. canadensis of authors, not Linnaeus)
Oldfield cinouefoil.
Oldfield cinquefoil. Fields and roadsides.
Fields and roadsides.
Fields and roadsides. Prunus americana Marsh
Fields and roadsides. Prunus americana Marsh. AMERICAN PLUM. Hickey Run valley. Prunus angustifolia Marsh. CHICKASAW PLUM.
Fields and roadsides. Prunus americana Marsh

Pyrus melanocarpa (Michx.) Willd. (Aronia melanocarpa (Michx.) Ell.)BLACK CHOKEBERRY.
Thickets.
Rosa carolina L. (R. humilis Marsh. in part.)
Dry banks.
Rosa eglanteria L. (R. rubiginosa L.)
Rosa virginiana Mill
Rubus argutus Link
Rubus argutus × R. flagellaris
Found in Magnolia Swamp only, locations 54 and 55.
Rubus cuneifolius Pursh
Rubus flagelaris Willd. (R. procumbens of the 1919 "Flora of the District of Columbia.")
Fields and roadsides.
Rubus hispidus LSWAMP BLACKBERRY.
Introduced into native azalea garden with collected plants.
Rubus occidentalis L
Old fields and thickets.
Rubus phoenicolasius Maxim
LEGUMINOSAE
Amphicarpa bracteata (L.) Fern
Woods. Cleistogamous flowers, developed at the end of slender leafless branches, produce single-seeded pods in the soil or leafmold.
Amphicarpa bracteata var. comosa (L.) Fern. (A. pitcheri T. & G.) ³ PITCHERS HOGPEANUT.
Moist soil along watercourses or swamp margins.
Apios americana Medic
Baptisia tinctoria (L.) R. Br

³ Both species and variety frequently grow together and hybridize freely, giving rise to many intermediate forms that have confused botanists for many years.

Cassia fasciculata Michx
Cassia nictitans L
Cassia nictitans var. hebecarpa Fern. (C. marilandica of authors, not Linnaeus) Low ground along Hickey Run.
Cercis canadensis L
Clitoria mariana L
Crotalaria sagittalis L
Desmodium ciliare (Muhl.) DC. (D. obtusum (Muhl.) DC.) . TICKCLOVER. Open dry ground.
Desmodium laevigatum (Nutt.) DC. Riverbanks and rich woods.
Desmodium laevigatum \times D. viridiflorum Frequent where the two species grow together. This is an excellent example of natural hybridization.
Desmodium marilandicum (L.) DC. Open ground.
Desmodium nudiflorum (L.) DC. Frequent in woods.
Desmodium paniculatum (L.) DC. Woods and thickets.
Desmodium perplexum Schub. A variable species, probably of hybrid origin. Thin woods and open ground.
Desmodium rotundifolium DC. Dry wooded hillsides.
Desmodium viridiflorum (L.) DCVELVETLEAF TICKCLOVER. Common in dry open woods.
Galactia volubilis (L.) Britt
Lathyrus latifolius L

Lespedeza capitata Michx
Lespedeza cuneata (Dumont) G. Don Occasional in fields, but likely to become abundant.
Lespedeza hirta (L.) Hornem. Frequent in open woods.
Lespedeza procumbens Michx. Dry fields and open woods.
Lespedeza repens (L.) Bart. Roadsides and open woods.
Lespedeza stipulacea Maxim
Lespedeza striata (Thunb.) H. & A
Lespedeza virginica (L.) Britt. Meadows and margins of woods.
Medicago lupulina L
Medicago sativa L
Melilotus alba Desr
Melilotus officinalis (L.) Lam
Phaseolus polystachios (L.) B.S.P
Mount Hamilton, location 8.
Mount Hamilton, location 8. Robinia pseudoacacia L
Robinia pseudoacacia LBLACK LOCUST.
Robinia pseudoacacia L
Robinia pseudoacacia L
Robinia pseudoacacia L

Trifolium arvense L
Common in fields.
Trifolium hybridum LALSIKE CLOVER.
Fields and roadsides.
Trifolium pratense LRED CLOVER.
Common in fields and waste places.
Trifolium procumbens LLow hop clover.
Fields and waste places.
Trifolium repens L
Lawns, fields, and roadsides.
Vicia angustifolia Reichard
Woods and fields.
Vicia caroliniana Walt
Occasional in woods.
Vicia villosa Roth
Occasional in fields.
LINACEAE
Linum medium (Planch.) BrittYELLOW FLAX.
Open woods.
- 1
Linum striatum Walt.
Linum striatum Walt. Occasional in open moist soil.
Occasional in open moist soil.
Occasional in open moist soil. OXALIDACEAE
Occasional in open moist soil. OXALIDACEAE Oxalis europaea forma cymosa (Small) Wieg
Occasional in open moist soil. OXALIDACEAE Oxalis europaea forma cymosa (Small) Wieg
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OXALIDACEAE OXALIDACEAE Oxalis europaea forma cymosa (Small) Wieg
OXALIDACEAE Oxalis europaea forma cymosa (Small) Wieg

Common in fields.

Geranium maculatum L......Spotted geranium. Occasional in rich woods. SIMAROUBACEAE Ailanthus altissima (Mill.) Swingle......AILANTHUS, TREE-OF-HEAVEN. Frequent in woods and thickets. POLYGALACEAE Polygala sanguinea L. (P. viridescens L.).....BLOOD POLYGALA. Frequent in dry open ground. **EUPHORBIACE** AE Acalypha gracilens Gray......SLENDER COPPERLEAF. Cultivated ground. Acalypha rhomboidea Raf. (A. virginica of authors, not Linnaeus) Disturbed soil. Woods and fields. Pistol range ridge, locations 42 and 41 only. Euphorbia maculata L. (E. preslii Guss.) Frequent in open ground. Euphorbia supina Raf. (E. maculata of authors, not Linnaeus) SPOTTED SPURGE. Common. ANACARDIACEAE Rhus copallina L......FLAMELEAF SUMAC. Thickets and margins of fields. Rhus glabra L.....SMOOTH SUMAC. Fields and thickets. Rhus radicans L......Poison-ivy.

Common everywhere. Rhus typhina L......STAGHORN SUMAC. Occasional in fields and woods. POISON-SUMAC. Rhus vernix L..... Magnolia Swamp in northeastern part of grounds, locations 55 and 56 only. Formerly there was a single large plant in a springy place near the summit of

Mount Hamilton, east side, above the azaleas.

AQUIFOLIACEAE

..... AMERICAN HOLLY. Ilex opaca Ait.... Occasional in woods. Ilex verticillata (L.) Gray..................................WINTERBERRY, BLACK ALDER. Occasional in wet soil. A staminate plant is growing naturally in the hollymagnolia area, location 41. CELASTRACEAE Mount Hamilton and other wooded areas. Woods and ravines. **ACERACEAE** Numerous plants along the southwest base of Mount Hamilton, location 2. Seeds apparently originated in Mount Olivet Cemetery across Bladensburg Road. Acer negundo L......BOXELDER. Frequent. Woods, fields, and along watercourses. Begins to bloom about 2 weeks later than A. saccharinum. Frequent in low ground. Some trees have been known to flower during the last few days of January in mild winters. BALSAMINACEAE Impatiens capensis Meerb. (I. biflora Walt.)....Spotted touch-me-not. Wet and moist soils. RHAMNACEAE Ceanothus americanus L..... JERSEY-TEA, CEANOTHUS, REDROOT. Occasional in woods. VITACEAE Parthenocissus quinquefolia (L.) Planch......VIRGINIA-CREEPER. Woods and thickets.SUMMER GRAPE. Vitis aestivalis Michx..... Frequent in woods and thickets.

Vitis labrusca LFox GRAPE.
Swamps and watercourses.
Vitis vulpina L. (V. cordifolia Michx.) FROST GRAPE. Occasional on banks and in woods.
TILIACEAE
Tilia neglecta Spach (T. americana of the 1919 "Flora of the District of Columbia.")
Hickey Run valley.
MALVACEAE
Abutilon theophrasti Medic
Hibiscus moscheutos L. (H. palustris of the 1919 "Flora of the District of Columbia." not Linnaeus)
Hibiscus syriacus L
Hibiscus trionum L
Malva neglecta Wallr. (M. rotundifolia of authors, not Linnaeus) RUNNING MALLOW.
Occasional in waste places.
Sida spinosa L
GUTTIFERAE
Ascyrum hypericoides L
Hypericum canadense L
Hypericum denticulatum Walt
Hypericum gentianoides (L.) B.S.P. (Sarothra gentianoides L.)Orange pineweed.
Frequent in poor thin soils.
Hypericum mutilum L. Wet soil especially near water.

Occasional in fields. Hypericum spathulatum (Spach) Steud. (H. prolificum of American authors) SHRUBBY ST.-JOHNS-WORT. Occasional along roadsides. Hypericum virginicum L. (Triadenum virginicum (L.) Raf.) MARSH ST.-JOHNS-WORT. Occasional in wet soil. CISTACEAE Dry hillsides. Lechea leggettii Britt. & Hollick. Occasional in dry soil. Lechea racemulosa Michx. Rare in dry soil. VIOLACEAE Occasional in rich woods. Viola fimbriatula Sm. Dry fields and banks. Viola kitaibeliana var. rafinesquii (Greene) Fern.....Johnny-Jump-up. Fields and other open ground. Viola palmata L. (V. stoneana of the 1919 "Flora of the District of Columbia.") Mount Hamilton and other wooded areas. Viola papilionacea Pursh Common everywhere. Viola pedata L......BIRDSFOOT VIOLET. Occasional in dry soil. Viola primulifolia L. Magnolia Swamp only, location 55.

..... ARROWLEAF VIOLET.

Viola sagittata Ait.....

Fields and thin woods.

Viola triloba Schwein.

Woods.

PASSIFLORACEAE

South and east slopes of Mount Hamilton. **LYTHRACEAE** Frequent in cultivated ground. NYSSACEAE Nyssa sylvatica Marsh......BLACKGUM, SOURGUM, BLACK TUPELO. Frequent in woods. **ONAGRACEAE** Circaea quadrisulcata var. canadensis (L.) Hara. ENCHANTERS-NIGHTSHADE. Frequent in woods. Gaura biennis L. Rare in cultivated soil and along roadsides. Ludwigia alternifolia var. typica Munz......SEEDBOX. Wet soil. Ludwigia palustris var. americana (DC.) Fern. & Grisc. (Isnardia palustris Margin of ponds. Oenothera biennis L......EVENING-PRIMROSE. Common everywhere. Oenothera fruticosa L......SUNDROPS. Open ground. Oenothera laciniata Hill Frequent in cultivated soil. ARALIACEAE Woods and banks. Aralia spinosa L..............Devils-walkingstick, Herculesclub. Northwest slope of Mount Hamilton. Hedera helix L......English ivy. Southeast slope of Mount Hamilton.

UMBELLIFERAE

UNIDELLIFERAE
Angelica venenosa (Greenway) Fern. (A. villosa (Walt.) B.S.P., not Lag.)
Occasional in woods.
Chaerophyllum procumbens (L.) Crantz Occasional in wet soil.
Cicuta maculata LSpotted waterhemlock. Wet soil.
Cryptotaenia canadensis (L.) DC
Daucus carota L
Common everywhere.
Sanicula canadensis L
Taenidia integerrima (L.) Drude Occasional in dry woods.
Zizia aurea (L.) W. D. J. Koch
CORNACEAE
CORNACEAE Cornus amomum Mill
Cornus amomum Mill
Cornus amomum Mill
Cornus amomum Mill
Cornus amomum Mill
Cornus amomum Mill
Cornus amomum Mill

Kalmia latifolia L
Leucothoe racemosa (L.) Gray (Eubotrys racemosa (L.) Nutt.) . Fetterbush. Dry woods and slopes.
Lyonia ligustrina (L.) DC. (Xolisma ligustrina (L.) Britt.). MALEBERRY. Frequent in moist woods.
Lyonia mariana (L.) D. Don (Neopieris mariana (L.) Britt.) . STAGGERBUSH. Dry ridges.
Monotropa uniflora L
Rhododendron nudiflorum (L.) Torr. PINXTERBLOOM AZALEA, "HONEYSUCKLE."
Woodlands and clearings.
Vaccinium atrococcum (Gray) Heller
Vaccinium atrococcum × V. vacillans
Shrub about 3 feet. Frequent where the two species grow together. This hybrid was verified by making crosses artificially and growing the seedlings to maturity.
Vaccinium stamineum L. (Polycodium stamineum (L.) Greene). DEERBERRY. Common in dry woods.
Vaccinium vacillans TorrBlueridge blueberry. Well drained woods and on slopes.
PRIMULACEAE
Anagallis arvensis L
Lysimachia ciliata L
Lysimachia nummularia L
Lysimachia quadrifolia L
EBENACEAE
Diospyros virginiana L
34

OLEACEAE

Chionanthus virginicus LFRINGETREE.
Frequent in woods.
Fraxinus americana L
Fraxinus pennsylvanica Marsh
Syringa vulgaris L
GENTIANACEAE
Sabatia angularis (L.) Pursh
APOCYNACEAE
Apocynum cannabinum var. pubescens (Mitchell) A. DCHEMP DOGBANE. Fields and woods.
Vinca minor L
ASCLEPIADACEAE
Ampelamus albidus (Nutt.) Britt. (Gonolobus laevis of authors). HONEYVINE. Southern edges of locations 3 and 4.
Asclepias amplexicaulis Sm. Occasional in woods.
Asclepias incarnata var. pulchra (Ehrh.)SWAMP MILKWEED. Occasional in moist or wet soil.
Asclepias purpurascens L
Asclepias syriaca L
Asclepias tuberosa L
Asclepias viridiflora Raf

CONVOLVULACEAE

Convolvulus arvensis L	ED.
Common in sandy areas.	
Convolvulus sepium L	ED.
Common in cultivated soil.	
Cuscuta gronovii Willd	IE.
Frequent in low places.	
Cuscuta pentagona Engelm. (C. arvensis Beyrich)	∃R.
Ipomoea coccinea L	RΥ.
Occasional in waste places.	
Ipomoea hederacea (L.) Jacq. Frequent in cultivated soil.	
Ipomoea lacunosa L.	
Waste places.	
Ipomoea pandurata (L.) G. F. W. MeyBIGROOT MORNING-GLOR	₹Y.
Fields and dry banks.	
Ipomoea purpurea (L.) Roth	₹Y.
POLEMONIACEAE	
POLEMONIACEAE	X.
	X.
POLEMONIACEAE Phlox paniculata L	X.
POLEMONIACEAE Phlox paniculata L	
POLEMONIACEAE Phlox paniculata L	ED.

LABIATAE

Collinsonia canadensis L
Cunila origanoides (L.) Britt
Glechoma hederacea L
Hedeoma pulegioides (L.) PersAmerican false-pennyroyal. Woods, fields, and roadsides.
Lamium amplexicaule L
Lamium purpureum L
Lycopus virginicus L
Mentha arvensis var. villosa (Benth.) S. R. Stewart (M. canadensis L.)
Mentha spicata L
Monarda punctata L
Sandy soil in location 36.
Perilla frutescens var. crispa (Benth.) Deane (P. frutescens of the 1919 "Flora of the District of Columbia.")
Southwest corner of the grounds near Bladensburg Road, location 2.
Prunella vulgaris L
Common everywhere.
Pycnanthemum flexuosum (Walt.) B.S.PMOUNTAIN-MINT.
Frequent in woods and meadows.
Pycnanthemum incanum (L.) Michx.
Rare, found in northeast corner of grounds, location 54.
Salvia lyrata L
Satureja vulgaris var. neogaea Fern. (Clinopodium vulgare L.). WILD BASIL.
Woods and thickets.
Scutellaria elliptica Muhl. (S. ovalifolia Pers.)

Scutellaria integrifolia L.
Frequent in woods and on banks.
Scutellaria lateriflora L
Rare, found in wet soil near river wall, in northeastern part of location 40.
Trichostema dichotomum LBLUECURLS.
Occasional in thin woods and in fields.
SOLANACEAE
Datura stramonium L
Lycium halimifolium Mill
Physalis heterophylla Nees
Physalis virginiana Mill.
South bank of Heart Pond, location 29, and probably elsewhere.
Solanum carolinense L
Solanum dulcamara L
Solanum nigrum LBLACK NIGHTSHADE.
Common.
SCROPHULARIACEAE
Chelone glabra L
Gerardia pedicularia L. (Aureolaria pedicularia (L.) Raf.)GERARDIA. About 50 feet beyond fence, location 57.
Gerardia tenuifolia Vahl (Agalinis tenuifolia (Vahl) Raf.)GERARDIA. Occasional in dry soil.
Gerardia virginica (L.) B.S.P. (Aureolaria villosa (Muhl.) Raf.)
Frequent in woods.
Linaria canadensis (L.) DumontOLDFIELD TOADFLAX. Common in sandy soil.
Linaria vulgaris HillButter-and-eggs.

Lindernia anagallidea (Michx.) Pennell (<i>llysanthes attenuata</i> of the 1919 "Flora of the District of Columbia.")
Occasional in muddy soil.
Mimulus ringens L
Paulownia tomentosa (Thunb.) Steud
Penstemon laevigatus Ait
Verbascum blattaria L
Verbascum thapsus L
Veronica arvensis L
Veronica officinalis L
Veronica peregrina L
Veronica serpyllifolia L
BIGNONIACEAE
Campsis radicans (L.) Seem. (Bignonia radicans L.)Trumpetcreeper. Woods and thickets.
Catalpa bignonioides Walt
Catalpa speciosa Warder
OROBANCHACEAE
Epifagus virginiana (L.) Bart. (Leptamnium virginianum (L.) Raf.) BEECHDROPS.
Frequent under beeches.
ACANTHACEAE
Ruellia caroliniensis (Walt.) Steud

PHRYMACEAE

Phryma leptostachya L
PLANTAGINACEAE
Plantago aristata MichxBottlebrush indianwheat. Cultivated ground.
Plantago lanceolata LBuckhorn Plantain. Common everywhere.
Plantago major L
Plantago rugelii Decaisne Common.
Plantago virginica L. Cultivated ground and other disturbed soil.
RUBIACEAE
Cephalanthus occidentalis LBUTTONBUSH. Wet soil along watercourses and swamp margins.
Diodia teres WaltBUTTONWEED. Cultivated soil and waste places.
Diodia virginiana L.
Common around Beech Spring Pond, location 32, and between greenhouses, location 18. Unknown at the Aboretum previous to the summer of 1945.
Galium aparine L
Galium circaezans Michx
Galium pilosum Ait. Frequent in woods and fields.
Galium tinctorium L. (G. claytoni Michx.)DYE BEDSTRAW. Frequent in wet soil.
Galium triflorum Michx
Houstonia caerulea L. (Hedyotis caerulea (L.) Hook.)BLUETS. Open woods and fields.

Houstonia purpurea L. (Hedyotis purpurea (L.) T. & G.) Woods and thickets. Occasional in woods. CAPRIFOLIACEAE Lonicera japonica Thunb..................JAPANESE HONEYSUCKLE. Common everywhere. Lonicera sempervirens L......Trumpet honeysuckle. South slope of Mount Hamilton and elsewhere in woods and on banks. Rarely flowers because of aphis injury. Field margins and in thickets. Triosteum angustifolium L.....Narrowleaf Horsegentian, feverwort. Along north edge of former Morris Place in locations 15 and 16. Frequent in woods. Wet soil on slope opposite the Cryptomeria planting in location 45. Viburnum dentatum L.....Southern Arrowwood. Frequent in woods and along watercourses. Viburnum prunifolium L......BLACKHAW. Woods and thickets. **CUCURBITACEAE** Sicyos angulatus L.....Bur-cucumber. Occasional in thickets along watercourses. **CAMPANULACEAE** Frequent in disturbed soil. Lobelia puberula Michx. Rare, found on southeast slope near the base of Mount Hamilton. Specularia perfoliata (L.) A. DC. (Triodanis perfoliata (L.) Nieuwl.) VENUS LOOKINGGLASS. Common in woods and in cultivated soil.

COMPOSITAE

Achillea millefolium L
Ambrosia artemisiifolia var. elatior (L.) DescourtilsCommon ragweed. Common.
Ambrosia trifida L
Antennaria neglecta Greene
Antennaria parlinii var. arnoglossa (Greene) FernEVERLASTING. Occasional on wooded hillsides.
Antennaria plantaginifolia (L.) Hook. Woods.
Anthemis arvensis L
Arctium minus (Hill) Bernh
Artemisia annua L
Artemisia vulgaris L
Aster divaricatus L
Aster lateriflorus (L.) Britt. Moist fields and woods.
Aster patens Ait. Wooded slopes.
Aster pilosus Willd. Open woods and fields.
Aster puniceus L. Swampy places.
Aster simplex var. ramosissimus (T. & G.) Cronq. (A. paniculatus Lam.) Woods and fields.
Baccharis halimifolia L

A single plant near the boundary line, location 24.

Bidens bipinnata LSpanish-needles.
Common.
Bidens frondosa LBEGGARTICKS.
Damp woods and fields.
Cacalia atriplicifolia L. (Mesadenia atriplicifolia (L.) Raf.) PALE INDIAN-PLANTAIN.
Occasional in woods.
Chondrilla juncea L
Chrysanthemum leucantemum var. pinnatifidum Lecoq. & Lamotte. OXEYE-DAISY.
Fields and meadows.
Chrysopsis mariana (L.) Ell
Cichorium intybus L
Cultivated and waste ground.
Cirsium arvense (L.) Scop
In temporary nursery area of location 27.
Cirsium discolor (Muhl.) Spreng. Common in disturbed soil.
Cirsium vulgare (Savi) TenoreBULLTHISTLE. Frequent in waste places.
Coreopsis lanceolata LLANCE COREOPSIS.
Escape from cultivation; established in several places.
Coreopsis major Walt.
Several plants in native azalea garden in location 5.
Coreopsis verticillata L.
Dry open woods.
Eclipta alba (L.) Hassk.
Occasional in moist soil.
Elephantopus carolinianus Willd
Erechites hieracifolia (L.) Raf
Erigeron annuus (L.) Pers

Erigeron canadensis L
Common,
Erigeron pusillus Nutt.
Common in nurseries, on sandy point near Hickey Run outlet, location 36, and in field east of R Street, location 26.
Erigeron strigosus Muhl. (E. ramosus (Walt.) B.S.P.)DAISY FLEABANE. Common.
Eupatorium album LEUPATORIUM. Thin woods and fields.
Eupatorium coelestinum L
Eupatorium hyssopifolium L. Frequent in meadows.
Eupatorium hyssopifolium var. laciniatum Gray (E. torreyanum Short) Common in fields.
Eupatorium perfoliatum LBoneset. Frequent in fields and thickets.
Eupatorium pilosum Walt. (E. verbenaefolium Michx.)
Dry open woods.
Eupatorium pubescens Muhl. Fields and woods.
Eupatorium purpureum L
Eupatorium rotundifolium L. Thin dry woods.
Eupatorium rugosum Houtt. (E. urticaefolium Reich.) WHITE SNAKEROOT. Frequent in woods.
Eupatorium serotinum Michx. Rare, found in edge of woods in location 51.
Galinsoga ciliata (Raf.) Blake (G. parviflora var. hispida DC.) Common.
Gnaphalium obtusifolium LSWEET EVERLASTING. Woods and fields.
Gnaphalium purpureum LPurple cudweed. Common in disturbed soil.
Helenium nudiflorum Nutt

Helianthus divaricatus LSUNFLOWER. Frequent in woods.
Helianthus tuberosus L
Hieracium gronovii L
Hieracium venosum L
Hypochoeris radicata L
Krigia biflora (Walt.) Blake (Cynthia virginica (L.) D. Don) Location 6.
Krigia dandelion (L.) Nutt. Occasional in woods.
Krigia virginica (L.) Willd
Lactuca biennis (Moench.) Fern. (L. spicata sensu Hitchc.). WILD LETTUCE. Fields and waste places.
Lactuca canadensis L. (L. sagittifolia Ell.) Cultivated soil and waste places.
Lactuca floridana (L.) Gaertn. Woods and fields.
Lactuca floridana var. villosa (Jacq.) Cronq. Woods and thickets.
Lactuca saligna L
Lactuca scariola L
Liatris graminifolia (Walt.) WilldGrassleaf Gayfeather. Frequent in dry soil.
Madia sativa Molina
Mikania scandens (L.) Willd

Frequent in woods.
Prenanthes serpentaria PurshLions-Foot.
Occasional in woods and thickets.
Rudbeckia laciniata L
Frequent in fields and thickets.
Rudbeckia serotina Nutt. (R. birta of most authors)BLACK-EYED-SUSAN. Occasional in old fields.
Senecio smallii Britt
Senecio vulgaris L
Sericocarpus asteroides (L.) B.S.PWHITE-TOPPED ASTER. Woods and fields.
Silphium trifoliatum L
Solidago altissima L
Margin of woods and thickets.
Solidago bicolor L
Solidago erecta Pursh Open dry ground.
Solidago graminifolia (L.) Salisb. Fields and thickets.
Solidago juncea Ait
Solidago nemoralis Ait. Frequent in dry soil.
Solidago odora Ait. (S. suaveolens Schoepf.)SWEET GOLDENROD. Frequent in dry woods. The entire plant when crushed emits an odor similar to anise.
Solidago rugosa Ait. Thickets and margin of woods.
Solidago ulmifolia Muhl. Moist woods.

Sonchus arvensis L
Near greenhouses, location 18.
Sonchus oleraceus L
Common in cultivated ground.
Taraxacum erythrospermum Andrz. (T. laevigatum of many authors)
Taraxacum officinale Weber (Leontodon taraxacum L.)
Common dandelion.
Verbesina occidentalis (L.) Walt
Meadows and thickets.
Vernonia glauca (L.) Willd
Vernonia noveboracensis (L.) Michx.
Wocds and meadows.
Xanthium italicum Moretti (X. saccharatum sensu Widder, X. commune of

Xanthium italicum Moretti (X. saccharatum sensu Widder, X. commune of the 1919 "Flora of the District of Columbia," in part)...Cocklebur. Cultivated ground and waste places.

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